(A COMPONENT UNIT OF LAWRENCE COUNTY) LAWRENCE COUNTY, OHIO

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020



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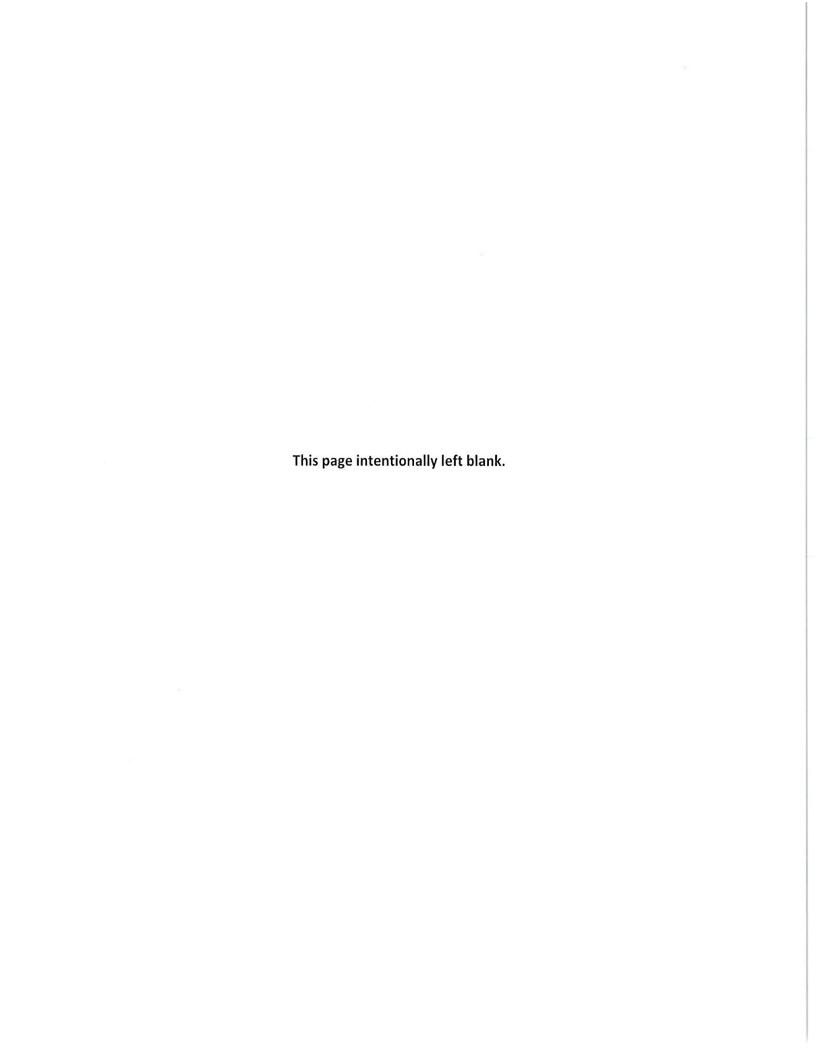
Board of Directors Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation 327 Vernon Street Ironton, Ohio 45638

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation, Lawrence County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

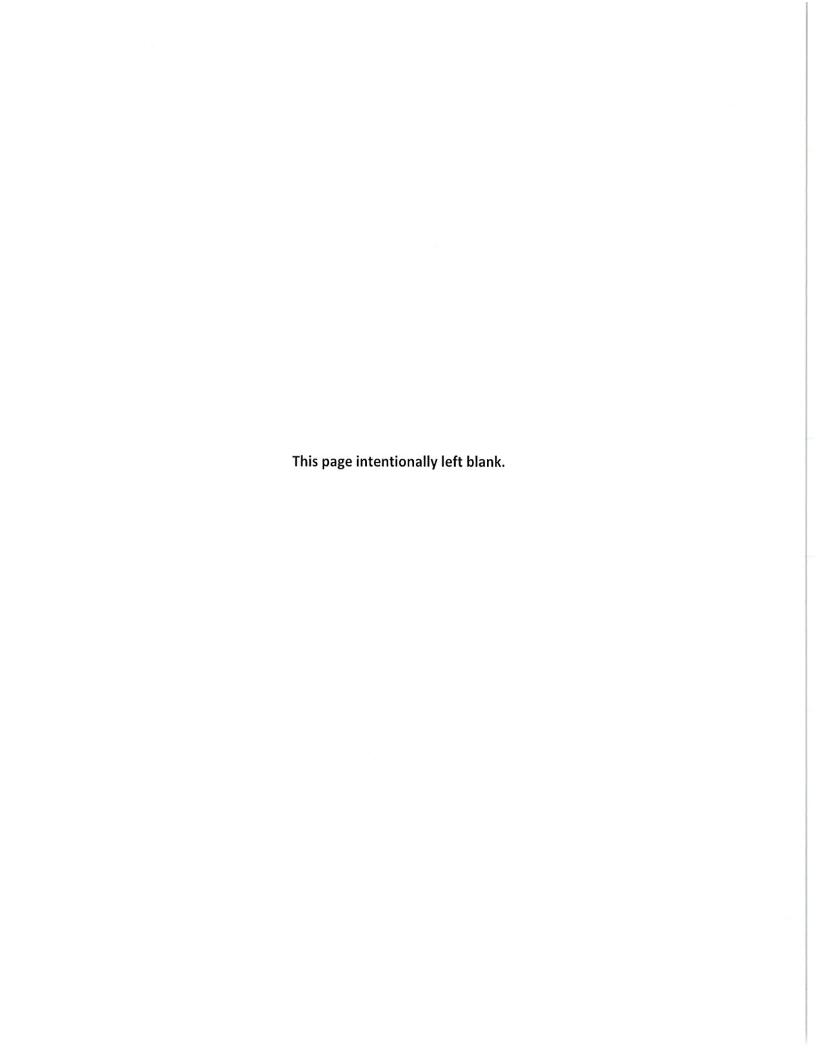
October 14, 2021



LAWRENCE COUNTY LAND REUTILIZATION CORPORATION LAWRENCE COUNTY, OHIO (A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

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Independent Auditor's Report

Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation Lawrence County 327 Vernon Street Ironton, Ohio 45638

To the Board of Directors:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation, Lawrence County, Ohio, a component unit of Lawrence County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation, Lawrence County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation Lawrence County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion* and analysis, listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 27, 2021, on our consideration of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. August 27, 2021

Julian & Sube, the.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The management's discussion and analysis of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's (the Corporation) financial performance provides an overall review of the Corporation's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Corporation's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Corporation's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- The Corporation's general revenue accounted for \$149,886 or 35 percent of total revenue. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$282,079 or 65 percent of total revenues of \$431,965.
- The general fund, the Corporation's major fund, had \$562,578 in revenues and \$424,033in expenditures.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of financial statements and notes to the financial statements. These statements are prepared and organized so the reader can understand the Corporation as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide a detailed look at our specific financial conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Corporation, presenting both an aggregate view of the Corporation's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending.

Reporting the Corporation as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting method used by the private sector. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the Corporation's net position and change in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the Corporation as a whole, the financial position of the Corporation has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the Corporation, non-financial information of the Corporation will also need to be evaluated.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Reporting on the Corporation's Most Significant Fund

Governmental Fund

The presentation for the Corporation's only fund, the general fund, focuses on how resources flow into and out of it and the balance left at year-end and available for spending in future periods. The general fund is reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that are expected to be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Corporation's general operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to the Corporation's government constituents. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) and the general fund is reconciled in the financial statements.

The Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the Corporation as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the Corporation's net position as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

<u>Table 1</u> <u>Statement of Net Position</u>

	2020	2019
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$4,096,267	\$3,956,605
Capital Assets, Net	2,669	3,910
Total Assets	<u>\$4,098,936</u>	\$3,960,515
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	1,117	0
Long Term Liabilities	<u>618,243</u>	585,122
Total Liabilities	619,360	585,122
Net Position		
Investment in Capital Assets	2,669	3,910
Unrestricted	3,476,907	3,371,483
Total Net Position	\$3,479,576	\$3,375,393

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Table 2 shows the change in net position for the years ending December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

Revenues	2020	2019
Program Revenues	,	
Charges for Services and Sales	\$132,689	\$17,587
Operating Grants and Contributions	149,390	1,017,413
Total Program Revenues	282,079	1,035,000
General Revenues:		
Grants & Entitlements not Restricted		
to Specific Programs	149,886	<u>155,878</u>
Total Revenues	<u>\$431,965</u>	\$1,190,878
Expenses		
Professional and Contract Service	14,193	12,132
Administration	175,504	208,754
Economic Development-Land	<u>140,085</u>	<u>3,032</u>
Reutilization		
Total Program Expenses	327,782	223,918
E and a state of		,_
Change in Net Position	104,183	966,960
Net Position Beginning of Year	<u>3,375,393</u>	2,408,433
Net Position End of Year	\$3,479,576	\$3,375,393

Current and other asset increased due to the number of properties acquired. Operating grants and contributions, and administration expenses decreased due to an decrease due to a decline demolition activity. Long term liabilities also increased due to more time spent by County employees on land bank operations.

The Corporation's Fund

The Corporation's general fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. This fund had total revenues and other financial resources of \$562,578 expenditures of \$424,033, resulting in an increase in total fund balance of \$138,545.

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2020, the Corporation had \$2,669 in capital assets. These capital assets are reduced using the straight-line method of depreciation & separated by class.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Table 3 shows the change in capital assets for the years ending December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Table 3

Capital Assets

Furniture, Fixtures, and	2020 \$13,754	2019 \$13,754
Equipment		
Accumulated Depreciation	(11,085)	(9,844)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$2,669	\$3,910

See note 10 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more information on capital assets.

Debt

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Corporation owed \$618,243 and \$585,122, respectively, to Lawrence County for a long-term loan. See note 9 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more information.

Current Financial Related Activities

The Corporation, has been designated by Lawrence County, Ohio as its agent for the reclamation, rehabilitation and reutilization of vacant, abandoned, tax-foreclosed and other real property in Lawrence County. Principal operating revenues of the Corporation include contributions from Lawrence County's delinquent tax and assessment collection fund. The Corporation is currently participating in the Ohio Housing Finance Agency Neighborhood Initiative Program, through the office of the United States Department of Treasury.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide users of the financial statements with a general overview of the Corporation's finances and show the Corporation's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Stephen Burcham, CPA, Chairman of the Board of Directors, Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation, 327 Vernon St., Ironton, Ohio 45638.

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

		vernmental Activities
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	70,520
Assets Held For Resale		4,025,747
Capital Assets:		
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	-	2,669
Total Assets		4,098,936
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		1,117
Long-term liabilities:		
Due in More Than One Year		618,243
Total Liabilities		619,360
Net Position:		
Investment in Capital Assets		2,669
Unrestricted		3,476,907
Total Net Position	\$	3,479,576

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Program	Revenues	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating Grants	Governmental
	Expenses	Services and Sales	and Contributions	Activities
Governmental activities:		s 4 		
Professional Contract and Services	14,193	i a		(14,193)
Administration	173,504	-	= 0	(173,504)
Economic Development- Land Reutilization	140,085	132,689	149,390	141,994
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 327,782	<u>\$ 132,689</u>	\$ 149,390	(45,703)
	General revenues: Grants and Entitle	ments not Restricted		
	to Specific Prog			149,886
	Total General Rever	nues		149,886
	Change in Net Posit	ion		104,183
	Net Position, Begin	ning of Year		3,375,393
	Net Position, End	of Year		\$ 3,479,576

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General	
Assets:	3	
Cash and cash equivalents	S	70,520
Assets Held for Resale		4,025,747
Total Assets	\$	4,096,267
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	1,117
Total Liabilities	-	1,117
Fund Balances:		
Nonspendable:		
Assets Held for Resale		4,025,747
Unassigned	-	69,403
Total Fund Balances		4,095,150
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,096,267

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	4,095,150
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		2,669
Long-term liabilities, loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Loan from Lawrence County		(618,243)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$\$	3,479,576

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	(General
Revenues:		
Intergovernmental	S	299,276
Interest		29
Property Sales		132,660
Total Revenues		431,965
Expenditures:		
Professional Contracts and Services		14,193
Administration		172,263
Economic Development		140,085
Debt Service:		
Principal Retirement		97,492
Total Expenditures		424,033
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		7,932
Other Financing Sources:		
Proceeds from Loan		130,613
Total Other Financing Sources		130,613
Net Change in Fund Balances		138,545
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		3,956,605
Fund Balances, End of Year	S	4,095,150

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	S	138,545
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital		
outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the current period. Current year depreciation		(1,241)
Long-term proceeds from the governments provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		(130,613)
Repayment of long-term loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		97,492
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	S	104,183

LAWRENCE COUNTY
(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 1- Description of the Reporting Entity

The Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation (the Corporation) is a county land reutilization Corporation that was formed on May 12, 2016, when the Lawrence County Commissioners authorized the incorporation of the Corporation under Chapter 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code through Resolution number 2016-001 as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The purpose of the Corporation is to strengthen neighborhoods in Lawrence County (the county) by returning vacant and abandoned properties to productive use. The Corporation has been designated as the County's agent to further its mission to reclaim, rehabilitate, and reutilize vacant, abandoned, tax foreclosed and other real property in the County by exercising powers of the County under Chapter 5722 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Pursuant to Section 1724.03 (B) of the Ohio Revised Code, the Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be composed of five to nine members including two County Commissioners, the County Treasurer, one representative from the municipal corporation with the largest population (City of Ironton), one representative from a township with the population over 10,000 (Upper Township). The Corporation is classified as a component unit of Lawrence County for reporting purposes, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and 61.

The Corporation is dedicated to strategically acquiring tax foreclosed property and other foreclosed property from the Board of Revision, Sheriff's sale, Bank Real Estate Owned, County Fiscal Officer, third parties, and through donations. The Corporation then strives to put the properties back to productive use.

The financial statements include all agencies, divisions, and operations for which the Corporation is financially accountable. Financial accountability exists if a primary government/component unit appoints a majority of an organization's governing board and is able to impose its will on that organization. Financial accountability may also be deemed to exist if there is a potential for the organization to provide financial benefits to, or impose financial burdens on, the primary government/component unit. On this basis, no governmental organization other than the Corporation itself is included in the financial reporting entity.

Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Corporation's significant accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The Corporation's basic financial statement consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Corporation as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the Corporation that are governmental and those that are business-type. The Corporation, however, does not have any business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Corporation at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Corporation's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is require to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Corporation, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Corporation.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Corporation segregates transactions related to certain Corporation functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Corporation at this more detailed level. The Corporation's general fund is it only governmental fund.

Fund Accounting

The Corporation uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations or limitations. For financial statement presentation purposes, the Corporation's fund is classified as governmental. There were no restricted funds at December 31, 2020.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which the may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be repaid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following is the Corporation's governmental Fund:

LAWRENCE COUNTY

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

General Fund The general fund accounts for all financial resources, including those that are received from the Lawrence County Treasurer from penalties collected on delinquent property taxes and interest on those delinquencies. The general fund balance is available to the Corporation for any purpose provided. It is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operations of the Corporation are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

The general fund is accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared, Governmental fund financial statements therefore may include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the general fund.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded on the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The general fund uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the Corporation, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Corporation receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Corporation must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Corporation on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, grants revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows or resources, represents a consumption of assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Corporation did not have any deferred outflows of resources at December 31, 2020.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Corporation did not have any deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2020.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Process

The Corporation is not bound by the budgetary laws prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code for governmental entities.

Federal Income Tax

The Corporation is exempt from federal income tax under Section 115(1) of the Internal Revenue code.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All monies received by the Corporation are deposited in demand deposit accounts. The Corporation had no investments during the year or at the end of the year.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Assets Held for Resale

Assets held for resale represent properties purchased by or donated to the Corporation. These properties are valued based upon the purchase price plus any costs of maintenance, rehabilitation or demolition of homes on the properties. The Corporation holds the properties until the home is either sold to a new homeowner, sold to an individual who will rehabilitate the home, the home on the property is demolished, or the Corporation may sell other lots to the owners of adjacent parcels for a nominal cost.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. General capital assets are reported in governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the financial statements of the general fund. All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. All capital assets, excluding land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives: Furniture and equipment 3-7 years.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund payable and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the fund.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net position component "investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Corporation had not restricted net position at December 31, 2020. The Corporation applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which restricted and unrestricted amounts are available.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Intergovernmental Revenue

The Corporation receives operating income through Lawrence County. This money represents the penalties and interest on current unpaid and delinquent property taxes once these taxes are paid. Pursuant to ORC 321.263, these penalty and interest monies are collected by the County when taxes are paid and then are paid to the Corporation upon the Corporation's written request. Grant funding consists of funds received from the Ohio Housing Finance Agency (OHFA) Neighborhood Initiative Program (NIP).

Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special Items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Corporation administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The Corporation had no extraordinary or special items during 2020.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Corporation is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds or enabling legislation. The classifications are as follows:

Non-spendable The non-spendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to maintain intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed or assigned.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Corporation's Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed or used in satisfying those contractual requirements.

LAWRENCE COUNTY

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Corporation for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts no contained in the other classifications.

The Corporation has not adopted a formal fund balance policy. The Corporation applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3- Deposits

Deposits

At December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the Corporation's bank balance was \$70,520. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2020, all of the Corporations bank balance of \$77,847 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), as discussed below.

Protection of the Corporation's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation(FDIC) of by the financial institution's participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Note 4- Transactions with Lawrence County

Pursuant to and in accordance with Section 321.261 (B) of the Ohio Revised Code, the Corporation has been authorized by the Lawrence County Commissioners to receive 5 percent of all collections of delinquent real property, personal property, and manufactured and mobile home taxes that are deposited into the County's Delinquent Tax Assessment Collection fund and will be available for appropriation by the Corporation to fund operations. Lawrence County paid a total of \$149,886 to the Corporation in DTAC funds in 2020.

Note 5- Risk Management

The Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters.

The Corporation maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with independent third parties for real property, building, vehicle, general liability and professional liability insurance. There were no settled claims from these risks that have exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Coverages as follows:

Commercial General Liability is \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 in aggregate. Public Officials Wrongful Act liability is \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 in aggregate.

Note 6- Receivables

There were no receivables at December 31, 2020

Note 7- Contingent Liabilities

Litigation

The Corporation is not currently a party to any legal proceeding.

Grants

The Corporation received financial assistance from state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the Corporation at December 31, 2020, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

Note 8- Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Corporation is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental fund. The constraints placed on fund balance for the general fund is presented below:

- Non-spendable- Assets Held for Resale- \$4,025,747
- Unassigned-\$69,403

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 9- Long Term Debt

The changes in the Corporation's long-term liabilities during year 2020 were as follows:

	Amount			Amount	Amounts
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
	12/31/2019	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2020	One Year
Governmental Activities					-
Lawrence County Loan (0% interest)	\$585,122	\$130,613	\$97,492	\$618,243	\$0
Total Governmental Activities	\$585,122	\$130,613	\$97,492	\$618,243	\$0

This was a loan agreement between the Corporation and Lawrence County. The agreement provided that Lawrence County would incur costs related to employees working on the land bank operations and other operational start up costs up front and those costs would be repaid to the County once the Land Bank was financially able. This was a zero % loan with no set repayment schedule established.

Note 10- Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	12/31/2019	Additions	Deductions	12/31/2020
Governmental Activities		-		
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:				
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	\$13,754	\$0	\$0	\$13,754
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	\$13,754	\$0	\$0	\$13,754
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	\$(9,844)	\$(1,241)	\$0	(\$11,085)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$(9,844)	\$(1,241)	\$0	\$(11,085)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$3,910	\$(1,241)	\$0	\$2,669

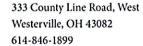
Depreciation expense was charged to the administration expenditure line item.

LAWRENCE COUNTY
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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 11- COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Corporation. The impact on the Corporation's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation Lawrence County 327 Vernon Street Ironton, Ohio 45638

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation, Lawrence County, Ohio, a component unit of Lawrence County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 27, 2021, wherein we noted as described in Note 11 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2020-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation

Lawrence County

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's Response to Finding

The Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Lawrence County Land Reutilization Corporation's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. August 27, 2021

Julian & Krube, Elne.

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2020

Finding Number 2020-001 FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Financial Reporting - Material Weakness:

Accurate financial reporting is required in order to provide management and other stakeholders with objective and timely information to enable well-informed decisions.

In order to properly state financial statement amounts, certain adjustments and reclassifications were made to the Corporations financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2020.

In general, an accounting and information system should be designed to provide management with accurate and timely information to enable well-informed business decisions to be made. The present system lacks fiscal oversight and approvals and fails to meet the above expectations.

We recommend the Corporation implement additional internal controls to help ensure revenues and expenditures are properly recorded and reflected in the Corporation's records. We further recommend the Corporation implement additional internal controls over financial reporting to help ensure accurate financial reports throughout the year and at year end. We also recommend the Corporation consult an accountant, their auditors or local government services for proper posting of transactions if questions arise.

<u>Client Response:</u> The Corporation will attempt to properly post all transactions in the future. The Fiscal Officer will consult with a consulting firm when unusual/or infrequent transactions occur. Further, the Corporation will consider obtaining an additional review of financial statements and notes prior to submitting to the Hinkle system.

(A Component Unit of Lawrence County)

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Finding Number	Year Initially Occurred	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Additional Information
2019-001	2017	<u>Financial Reporting - Material Weakness</u> - The entity had audit adjustments necessary to properly record activity in 2019.	No	Repeated as finding 2020-001; Audit adjustments were necessary in 2020.



AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 11/4/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370